Cemeteries in Easter Ross VC106

What are the characteristics of their flora How do urban and rural cemeteries compare Is their management sympathetic to floral diversity



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Saxifraga granulata (Meadow Saxifrage) at Tain Cemetery

Method

- 20 cemeteries in Easter Ross were visited on two occasions in Spring and summer 2020-2021 and all plants that were not introduced recorded.
- Black Isle cemeteries were not included, but most others in E Ross were visited.
- A standard route was followed round the sites
- There were 12 rural and 8 urban cemeteries

Fearn Abbey Cemetery



Results

- A total of 151 species was recorded (A similar survey in 2012 with a single visit had recorded 96 species)
- There were 103 species in urban sites and 133 in rural (there were 50% more rural cemeteries). 85 were in both urban and rural cemeteries
- There was a mean of 38.7 species per cemetery. 39.0 rural and 38.4 urban.
- There were 15 neophyte (alien) species (9.9%): 12 rural, 8 urban

Species

- Commonest species: *Taraxacum, Urtica dioica, Bellis perennis, Trifolium repens, Luzula campestris*
- Commonest Rural: *Taraxacum, Urtica dioica, Trifolium repens.*
- Commonest Urban: *Taraxacum, Bellis perennis, Anthoxanthum odoratum*
- Red Data Book/Nationally Scarce: Crassula tillaea, Viola tricolor
- Of interest: Saxifraga granulata (two urban sites), Luzula campestris (16 sites) & Montia fontana (11 sites)

Comment

- These sites are very heavily managed with grass cutting and herbicide use. Few "untidy" corners.
- Little difference between urban and rural , probably reflecting this management. No urban neophyte preponderance, unlike other surveys.
- Some species seem to thrive, e.g. Saxifraga granulata (Meadow Saxifrage) in quantity in two cemeteries, perhaps benefitting from early flowering and bulbil production. Luzula campestris (Field Woodrush) is widespread perhaps helped by low growth form.
- Some less heavily managed corners would be welcome.
- These cemeteries were less species rich than cemeteries in Dundee, a larger place, where there were a few less heavily managed areas. Some English cemeteries have also reported longer lists.